

Mrs. John Onas Fredericks, Est. Contentment,

Mrs. Rosa Gibbs,
Mr. Haylaff Harrigan, Gallows Bay,
Mr. Alvan Holst,
Mrs. Daniel C. Jackson,
Mrs. Lonisa Jacobs, Orange Grove,
Miss Delphine James,
Master Henry A. James,
Miss Marie James,
Miss Engola Jeanison,
Mrs. M. Johansen,
Mr. Elijah John, Orange Grove,
John Johnson,
Mr. Patric Levey,
Miss Christophina Lewis,
Mr. Alexander Lewis,
Miss Margret Martain,
Mr. Rueben Maxwell, Mess Hill.
Miss Viola Messer, c o Valborg Ebbensen,
Mrs. Theresa Messer c o Valborg Ebbensen.

Miss Martha Moore,
Mr. Maurice Miller,
Mr. Charles Nesbitt,
Mrs. Johana Newton, c o. Thomson,
Miss V. Petersen, Orange Grove,
Miss Rosa Roberts, c o. Al. Richardson,
Severina Richard,
Mr. Ambrose Richardson,
Miss Jane Emelia Ross, Strand St. 17,
Mrs. Dagmar Smith,
Miss Czarine Todman,
Miss Louisa Tuitt,
Mr. Thomas Williams,
Miss Carrie Williams, c o. Reubel,
Miss Clementeenia Williams, Company Street,

Mr. Richard Zakers.
United States Post Office, St. Croix,
V. I. January 20, 1920.

B. R. LARSEN.
Postmaster.

Dansk Vestindisk Elektricitet-saktieselskab

afholder sin aarlige Generalforsamling SONDAGEN den 21 Marts d.a. Klokken 11 Formiddag.

DAGSORDEN:

1. Fremlaeggelse af Regnskabet for 1919.
2. Valg af Bestyrelsesmedlemmer.
3. Ekstra.

Christiansted, St. Croix, den 20 Januar 1920.

DANSK-VESTINDISK ELEKTICITETSAKTIESELSKAB.

EINAR SVENDSEN.

The Creole arrived here yesterday at 11.30 a. m. with St. Thomas mail and will be dispatched again at 10 this morning, weather permitting.

The s. s. Guiana is looked for in Frederiksted at daybreak on Sunday morning. See notice of closing of mails.

NOTICE.

ARE you prepared for fire? Fire gives no warning. No one can tell when or where it will break out and it is this unexpectedness that makes the danger to life and property all the more terrible. Use a **PYRINE FIRE EXTINGUISHER** that puts out any kind of fire in its incipient state recognized by New York and Chicago Fire Insurance Exchange.

To be had at
H. WENDEL'S Store in St. Thomas.
Sole Agent.

Tonight there will be given what is promised as an exceptionally fine cine exhibition at the theatre. The management guarantees satisfaction or money back.

The Native Brass Band enlivened the town with a well rendered concert last night.

To the Editor of the Avis.

Dear Sir,

Is it not an awful shame on our dealers, and a slur on the Food Commission that Sugar an article so needed as food by every one, should today in its present scarcity, be allowed to be profited upon in the manner in which it is?—I have heard it on good authority that a very poor quality of sugar which cost not quite 10 cents per pound in small lots by the bag is being retailed at 18c. per pound. Gracious God, why this is (if true) a profit of near 100% between first purchaser and consumer.

Yours truly

DESPAIR.

Christiansted, Jan. 21th. 1920.

TELEGRAMS

ST. CROIX STATION.

Madrid, Jan. 17th.—Reports from Algiers advise the seizure of the German Legation at Tangiers by the Moroccan authorities on Thursday.

London, Jan. 17th.—An Exchange Telegraph Company's despatch from Tientsin, quotes reports from Tokio that an agreement has been reached between the United States and Japan, under which Japan will protect the Trans-Siberia railway.

Paris, Jan. 17th.—An official communication has been issued stating that the Supreme Council approves the recommendations to receive the population of the interior of Russia, by giving them medicine, agricultural machinery and other commodities which are badly needed. This partial lifting of the blockade is described in the official communications as an exchange of goods on the basis of reciprocity between the Russian people and the Allied and neutral coun-

tries, but through cooperative societies. These arrangements, it is asserted, imply no change in the policy of the Allied Governments towards the Soviet Governments.

Geneva, Jan. 17th.—A message from Turin says that the Austrian warships, which under the Peace Treaty, were handed over to the Allies, have undergone a second Scapa Flow on a small scale. The Allied Naval Commission at Cattaro confirms the first reports that the Austrian fleet was seriously disabled, the principal parts of their machinery having been removed or destroyed. This renders them incapable of navigation, only their hulls being in good condition. The repairs, it is expected, will entail several months' work. The fleet comprises one battleship, three large cruisers, four torpedo-cruisers, twelve torpedo-boats and several small craft. The Austrians, it is declared, acknowledge the damage, but blame the Czecho-Slovaks and Jugo-Slavs. The ships will, eventually, be towed to Toulon or Marseilles, for repairs.

Paris, January 16th.—The League of Nations held its first meeting this morning at the Foreign Office, the representatives of Great Britain, France, Italy, Greece, Belgium, Spain, Japan, Portugal and Brazil being present. M. Bourgeois was elected Chairman and Sir Eric Drummond was confirmed as General Secretary. The first official act of the Council of the League was the appointment of a commission to trace the frontiers of the territory in the Sarre Basin. In his address, M. Bourgeois said: "The task of presiding at the inauguration of this great International Constitution should have fallen to President Wilson. We respect the reasons for the delay in reaching a final decision by our friends at Washington, but we hope the difficulties will soon be overcome and the representative of the great republic occupy the place awaiting him. The sixteenth of January 1920 is the dawn of the history and the beginning of a new world. The decisions reached today will be in the name of all the nations adhering to the Covenant and will be the first decree of all the free nations leaguering themselves together for the first time in the history of the world to substitute right for might. The organization of the League will, however, not be complete until an assembly of all the States meets". Lord Curzon addressing the meeting, said: "On behalf of the British Empire, I express the loyalty of the Government and the external dominions of the British Crown to the spirit underlying the Covenant of the League. It is our intention by every means in our power to insure its practical efficiency, and it is our firm belief that through its instrumentality alone can we hope to insure that such miseries as the world has experienced in the past five years shall not be repeated and that an era of international relationship shall dawn".