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TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

Paris, Feb. 29th.—An official note issued this afternoon says that with a view to mislead public opinion and to deceive the railwaymen who have been faithful to their duties, the strike committee places at the head of its claims the nationalization of the railways and increased pay whatever may be the thought of nationalization, it is purely a question for Parliament alone and no corporation can be allowed to paralyze the country by imposing a measure forcibly. The newspapers are unanimous in declaring that the public are absolutely out of sympathy with the railway strike, and while expressing the hope that it will come to an end swiftly, the newspapers also say they consider it to be the duty of every citizen to support the Government in the present struggle. A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Mr. Leon Midol, Secretary of the Paris Lyons and Mediterranean Union, on a charge of inciting the soldiers to disobey orders. It is not known whether the warrant has been served. The railway federation last evening issued a communication saying, "from news which has reached us from different points of the country, the federal council observes that a general strike movement is developing normally and is being carried out in perfect calm. The Council remains in full confidence as to the issue of the struggle."

Honolulu, March 2nd.—The Premier of China has resigned, according to a special cable from Tokio to the "Nippu Jiji", a Japanese language newspaper published.

Panama, March 2nd.—The leaders of

the striking canal zone maintenance of way workers have accepted an offer of mediation made by Mr. Bennett, British Minister to Panama and the men are expected to return to work soon.

Paris, March 2nd.—Buying and distribution, according to necessities, and the supervision of selling prices were provided for in a tentative plan agreed to at London yesterday by the economic action of the Supreme Council but the plan will be submitted to M. Millerand before becoming effective. The "Petit Parisien" says the exchange situation in Europe and the United States is hindering purchases. Mr. Lloyd George urged exchanges with Russia, principally for wheat, therefore there is only a step to be taken towards making a direct agreement with the Soviet Government for the exchanges previously arranged for, and this step, the "Eco de Paris" declares has been taken. The economic conference has prepared a manifesto by which all the allied countries will be called upon to develop to the utmost their productive forces and advising that laws improving the conditions of the workers must be applied to that end. Europe must form a genuine economic union and in order to return to healthy conditions all parts must be reconstituted and measures must be taken to enable Germany and Russia to contribute to the economic line of European unity.

Ottawa, March 2nd.—While I am anxious to trade with foreign countries, I will not trade with any country which will not recognize the Canadian dollar at its full face value, declare Mr. Mackenzie, member from Cape Breton, during the course of his speech on the address in the House of Commons. Not a word, he said had come from the Government with regard to bettering the exchange situation which was a great draw upon the resources of the Canadian people.

London, March 2nd.—The Supreme Council of the Allies today decided that Turkey is to have no navy, but only a few revenue cutters.

London, March 3rd.—Severe frosts, snow and hurricanes have prevailed in Southern Russia, with an intensity unprecedented for twenty years. A great shortage of fuel caused terrible suffering and hundreds were frozen to death.

Belfast, March 2nd.—On noticing a fire in the Ballinagar barracks at Galway the troops hastily left the building and had hardly done so when an explosion

occurred and the walls were blown out. Arrests have been made of persons suspected. The belief is that a quantity of explosives was placed in the turf which was being burnt in the building, or in the grate being used.

London, March 2nd.—The indications given today as to what the allied supreme council expects as a result of the investigation of high prices, exchange and other economic questions, embody the council's ideas in the resolutions so far known and nothing more will be announced regarding the outcome of the Council's investigations. The Council have reached an agreement on general lines and the date will be turned over to a drafting committee to draw up a resolution.

Berne, March 2nd.—Usurers, black-mailers and profiteers are being placarded and marched in chains through the streets and market places of Bulgarian cities, producing good results.

London, March 2nd.—A wild melee occurred in the neighbourhood of the House of Commons yesterday between the police and a procession of discharged workmen from Woolwich Arsenal, fifty persons being injured. While the riot was progressing, a deputation to the Prime Minister's residence were informed that the discharges would be suspended and this helped to still the disorders. The demonstrators numbered five thousand men, mostly ex-soldiers, and were headed by wagon loads of crippled men.

London, March 2nd.—Mr. Asquith, who was recently returned to Parliament as member for Paisley, took his seat in the House today, through cheering crowds. He has consented to be the leading figure in a great demonstration of London Liberals today.

Paris, March 2nd.—The mortality from typhus has been reduced by forty-five to seventy per cent by the use of a new serum adopted by Red Cross workers in Russia, according to reports received.

London, March 2nd.—Two hundred tinplate mills are idle though strikes and sixty thousand men are effected by a strike of South Wales workers.

London, March 3rd.—Russian Bolshevik forces are advancing rapidly in the Caucasus region, according to an official telegram. During the last fortnight, the message says, the Soviet troops in that district captured seventeen thousand prisoners. General Denikin's army is declared to be dispersing.

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