

ed for in section 77. If the right of redemption hereinafter provided for is not exercised within the time prescribed, said certificate, when recorded in the office of the registrar of property of the assessment district in which the property is situated shall vest the title to said property absolutely in the Municipality free from all mortgages, liens or other encumbrances. Said certificate shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein recorded in any controversy, proceeding or suit involving or concerning the rights of the purchaser his heirs or assigns, to the property thereby conveyed.

NO FEE TO REGISTRAR

No fee shall be charged by the registrar for recording such certificate nor for issuing a copy thereof.

FEE ON REDEMPTION.

The owner of said property at the time of its sale for non-payment of taxes, his heirs or assigns, or any one having any right or interest therein, may redeem the same within a period of one year from the issue of said certificate by the payment of the amount for which the property was bid in for the Municipality, with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum, from the date of the sale, and may require the Secretary to have such redemption noted by the registrar of property against the certificate of purchase upon the payment by the person redeeming to the registrar, for such service, of a fee of one dollar, and said annotation shall operate as a release and cancellation of the certificate of purchase and the property so released shall remain subject to all liens and legal claims against it, other than tax liens, to the same extent and in the same manner as though said property had not been sold for taxes.

IRREGULAR OR IMPROPER SALE. RECONVEYANCE OF PROPERTY.

Section 82.—When any real property has been sold for nonpayment of taxes and has been bid in the name of the Municipality and it is afterwards discovered that, for any reason such sale was irregular and that the owner of said property has been improperly deprived of his property the Secretary shall have authority to cancel said sale and where necessary to issue a certificate of redemption which shall act as a reconveyance of the property to the owner, or his heirs or assigns, as the case may be, and the property shall remain subject to all liens and legal claims against it to the same extent and in the same manner as though said property had not been sold for taxes, and the registrar of property shall record the certificate of redemption without the payment of any fee for such service.

CERTAIN LAWS REPEALED.

Section 83.—The Ground and Building Tax assessed under Ordinance dated

October 1, 1802, and November 26 1854; and the House Tax assessed in accordance with Resolution of the Ministry of Finances dated October 24, 1849, and Ordinance of February 22, 1855, and the "Ordinance Concerning Certain Taxes in St. Croix", dated November 16, 1907, are hereby repealed, effective December 31, 1921.

(To be continued.)

LOCAL.

The Creole is here today with local St. Thomas mails and the Parima at Frederiksted with 50 bags States mail for Christiansted.

The s. s. Guiana is expected to leave New York on the 20th inst.

Cricket.

A Cricket match will be played on Prosperity Pasture on Sunday 10th. inst. at 11 o'clock sharp between the "Frederiksted C. C." and the "Excelsior" C. C. of Christiansted.

All are invited.—Com.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

Malta, July 6th.—Virtually all the British Mediterranean fleet with all the attendant ships including the aircraft vessel Pegasus is en route for, or concentrated within easy reach of Constantinople, where the situation is viewed with some anxiety. It is said that military reinforcements also are going out from England.

London, July 6th.—Great Britain, France and Italy may be compelled to adopt extensive and concentrated measures against the Turkish Nationalists, it was declared by a number of papers this morning. Reports that the Nationalists have actually penetrated the neutral zone of Constantinople and along the Sea of Marmora have not been confirmed, but there is reason to fear that they are concentrating to attack Constantinople. The situation has given rise to serious anxiety, and the Allied high commissioners at Constantinople have been conferring with General Harrington regarding the steps to be taken in the event of a probable advance by the Nationalists. General Harrington will have no alternative but to resist a Turkish advance to the uttermost, for the purpose of securing respect for the neutral zone which was established by the Entente and insuring free navigation of the straits, in accordance with the terms of the treaty of Sevres. Should hostile action be necessary, naval forces may be employed in opposing the Turks, the Times stated today. Connected with this situation is a supposed Bulgarian intrigue to recover

western Thrace, which Bulgaria lost as a consequence of the war. It is asserted that Italy, Roumania, Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia have already signed a convention which would check the Bulgarians. Roumania, Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia from what is known as the little entente, and by virtue of the treaty of Rapallo and a subsequent understanding Italy is believed to have become sponsor for the Little Entente. Roumania is believed, says the "Daily Mail", to have offered 15,000 troops to aid the allied forces in Constantinople, which are estimated at 10,000 British, including a number of Indian organizations and 500 French.

London, July 6th.—General Smuts, upon his return from Ireland this morning, conferred with Mr. Lloyd George, Sir James Craig, Earl Middleton, Sir Hamar Greenwood and others. The conference was surrounded with the greatest secrecy, but it is understood in well informed quarters, that it primarily concerned itself with conditions for the possible suspension of hostilities in Ireland. Official circles express belief that a cessation of active operations almost is indispensable as an aid to progress in the peace deliberations.

Leeds, July 5th.—Australia defeated England this afternoon in the third straight cricket match, thereby retaining the championship between the two countries which Australia won from England, in Australia last year. The event which is one of the biggest sporting features of each season has been occupying the attention of the press for many weeks.

Paris, July 6th.—Gross Strehlitz and Rosenberg, two important cities in Upper Silesia, have been declared in a state of siege by the inter-Allied Commission there. It is probable that this action by the commission is a result of serious disorders reported in the last few days from various places in the Silesian plebiscite zone.

London, July 6th. Reparations payments by Germany were discussed by the Imperial Conference today. A Committee composed of Mr. Churchill and one representative from Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and India, began today a study of securing cheaper communication between distant parts of the Empire. Naval affairs, particularly the fixing of the dominions part in the sea defences of the empire, have been deferred for a time, pending an exchange of views between the United States, Great Britain and Japan, relative to a conference dealing with limitation of armaments.

New York, July 6th.—The raw sugar market was firm and unchanged early today at four cents for centrifugal. No sales were reported. The market for refined was unchanged at 5.20 to 5.30 for fine granulated, but a much better enquiry was noted.