

years with profit and four years with loss. That's the condition we have been working under and yet kept the laboring class employed.

To be continued.

LOCAL

The s. s. "Paria" is due at Christiansted on Saturday morning at daylight.

S. S. Bolivar from New York is due here today sailing for the islands.

The polling for the election of a candidate for the seat as second elected member for Christiansted town begins at 1 p. m. today. Dr. D. C. Canegata is the only nominee, and it would be a fitting evidence of appreciation of his past faithful services to the public, if all the electors turn out in a body and record their yeas.

The six reel drama entitled "The Riddle Woman" screened at the Christiansted Theatre last night was indeed a very pretty picture. The audience was not as large as could have been expected.

Correspondence

Christiansted, May 10th, 1923.

Mr. Voter,

Dear Sir:—

As a candidate for the votes of your District, I direct this personal appeal to you. I am not any man's man, I am in an independent profession. I am an American Citizen, having lived continuously in the United States for at out thirty years; although I was born in St. Thomas. I have selected this place as my permanent and fixed abode. I am here to stay. Your poverty is mine, therefore your prosperity shall be mine also.

Six years of American occupation of these islands have not improved the Political and Economic condition of our Island Home. Can any candidate now seeking your vote state the reasons? Honestly none of them can. Yet the reasons are very clear. You need men in the Colonial Council, who can and will draft and introduce measures, American in principle, but local in their application. Men to make laws, having in mind the needs of the majority. "For truly no man liveth unto himself, and no man dieth unto himself", is as true today as when first said.

Our only hope of existence in this island, is from the soil, the backbone of us all (Agriculture.) WATER, MONEY and LAND. Water can be had is my belief, by the sinking of Artesian Wells, or by boring for same, or by the erection of Reservoirs to catch and retain such rain as may fall. Private capital in this island is not sufficient to undertake this.

At present, we as a people, have not the means, by taxation or otherwise to raise money to do it. The Congress of the United States will not give it to us. No Governor, however good his intentions may be, towards us, can give us this needed help. We cannot live without it. Hence we must do as all other people have done to get it. Our Colonial Council must by petition to Congress get the power to borrow money by loans to give us Water for Man and Beast; and to assist.

The present bad conditions of our home will not, and cannot be bettered by themselves. It will take constructive legislation to change them. Looking at what was, will do no good now. By Congress giving us the power through the Colonial Council seeking it, we will raise money for Municipal Improvements. This will give work along many lines to large numbers of our people, so that they will have work, and thus keep them at home; nay, it will also draw to our homes outsiders who will settle among us. The more people, the more money must be circulated in the island, which must benefit us all.

To that end therefore, I ask your vote on May 12th, 1923, for one of the two seats in the Colonial Council, so that I be given the chance to put in execution these my political opinions, for the betterment of our common home. Having as my motto "Principles not Men".

Yours truly,

O. C. GRANADY.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

London, May 7th.—Great Britain will despatch a note to Germany within 36 hours expressing disapproval of the latest German reparations proposals and urging Germany to present a more practical and liberal solution of the problem.

London, May 7th.—Considerable agitation has been aroused around the Inns of Court because the benchers of Grays Inn called to the bar Mr. James M. Beck ex-Solicitor General of the United States. Mr. Beck is an honorary member of Grays Inn.

London, May 7th.—The recent announcement that excavations are to be made at Jerusalem in a search for David's tomb has aroused anxiety in some religious circles here, where it is feared that the work would devastate sacred sites. The Colonial Department has issued a reassuring statement, asserting that the actual location of the ancient city of David was not on the spot mentioned by tradition. Archaeologists long ago established, the statement says, that the City stood on a little triangular square of ground called Mount Ophal, South of the present Jerusalem. It is on this site, which has heretofore been of no religious interest to Christians, Jews or Mohammedans, that the excavations in the search for David's tomb are

to be made.

New York, May 7th.—The market for raw sugar was a little steadier in tone early today, but there were no sales reported, with Cubas offered at 61/4 cents, cost and freight, equal to 8 03 for centrifugal and Porto Rico's at the same level.

Tasa French Morocco, May 7th.—A French army of 25,000 men has begun a campaign against the warlike tribe of the Benibousert, as one phase of the pacification of the Tasa tribesmen which commenced on April 12th.—The French troops in four columns surrounded the lower end of a rebellious strip in the middle Atlas Mountains, 75 miles long and 50 miles wide, where the unconquered natives always have resisted invasion. The first engagements have taken place with the Northern tribe and the French expect to work southward, meeting the columns entering the savage country from the other end of the line. A heavy action has been reported, but the extent of the casualties is unknown. The French are preparing for a hard campaign, as the unconquered tribes always have fought with fanatical enthusiasm.

Fredericton, N. B. May 7th.—The St. John River is receding here today and is now four feet below the highest level reached during the freshet. The railways are gradually being put into shape and by the middle of this week trains will be running on all lines out of Fredericton, with the exception of the St. John Valley railway, between here and St. John, where the water has not yet fallen sufficiently to even tell how much of the road bed has been carried away.

Paris, May 7th.—The French note to Germany was communicated in substance to Signor Mussolini before the final draft was made, it was declared in official circles this morning, and he expressed full approval of it, agreeing with M. Poincare that the German proposal could not be taken into consideration.

Peking, May 7th.—Unconfirmed reports have been received here that the Su Chow train bandits have killed one or two of their prisoners.

Constantinople, May 7th.—The Turkish authorities have sealed all safes and private deposit boxes belonging to Greeks leaving them under military guard, as was recently done in Smyrna. It is understood that this action was taken because of rumours that the Greeks intend to seize Turkish funds in Greece.

Vienna, May 7th.—Two hundred persons have been injured in riots between Socialists and Monarchists, the latter anti-semitic. The disturbance lasted a week.

Rome, May 8th.—1,500 rebels were defeated and 200 killed by the Italians in their latest operation in Tripoli, involving the occupation of an advanced point it is announced in the official statement today, covering the latest developments.