

AMERONGEN: A young man who registered as John E. Best, age 28, of South Portland, Maine, has been returned to America after spending a week here in a fruitless and somewhat mysterious effort to see the former German Emperor at Count Bentick's Castle.

LANSING, MICHIGAN: It is reported here that 184 men supposed to be members of the crew of the steamer John Omen have been rescued by Coast Guards.

OSSINING, N. Y., Charles and Matthew Miller, the first two brothers to enter Sing Sing together for the same crime, have been granted the first request they made to the prison authorities, which was that they be given the same day's work. They were made knitters.

TELEGRAMS.

ST. CROIX STATION.

Paris, Nov. 20th.—The Note sent by the Supreme Council to Rumania last Saturday, after praising the services rendered by Rumania during the war, recalls the difficulties which arose at the signing of the Treaty of St. Germain, according to a Berne despatch to the Presse de Paris. The communication adds that in view of Rumania's unyielding attitude on the decisions of the Council, the latter is at a loss to know whether Rumania really desires to follow the Allied policy. If it is her intention to follow this policy, the Note says, the Council requests that she sign the Austrian Treaty immediately otherwise Rumania will be considered as having withdrawn voluntarily from the Alliance.

Belgrade, Nov. 19th.—Gabriele D'Annunzio is preparing for a raid on Spalato, according to reports from that city. It was D'Annunzio's original intention to go to Spalato about the time he visited Zara, but instead he returned to Fiume. D'Annunzio, the advice adds, also plans an attack from Zara, on Montenegro.

Rome, Nov. 20th.—The Pope has addressed an encyclical to the Catholic Episcopal throughout the world urging a collection on December 29th, for the suffering children of the countries devastated by the war. The Pontiff himself is contributing 100,000 lire to this fund.

London, Nov. 20th.—Mr. Lloyd George replying to the questions in the House of Commons today, said he saw no hope of amelioration in the economic situation in Vienna without the help of the United States. The British had already aided the Viennese Govt. amounting to three and one half million pounds sterling, but the Premier announced that Great Britain did not intend to continue to bear the burden of famine in that country.

London, Nov. 20th.—In the House of Commons today Mr. Edward Shortt referred to the amount of anti-British propaganda with reference to Egypt, pur-

porting to emanate from the American Press and circulated here in the form of pamphlets. He declared that it was most difficult to take action, looking to the suppression of these publications. He explained that seditious utterances and allegations and reports of atrocities by British soldiers, were first distributed to the newspapers in the United States by the propaganda bureau there. They were clipped from these papers and republished in Great Britain and published as opinions expressed by American newspapers. The Govt. was considering action and the matter would be dropped.

Washington, Nov. 20th.—The fate of the Treaty of Peace with Germany and the League of Nations, so far as the United States is concerned, today again is in the hands of President Wilson. Failure yesterday and last night of all efforts to have the treaty ratified in some form by the Senate, brought the situation just where it was six months ago, when the Pact was submitted to the Upper House of Congress and technically, peace is no nearer than it was on Armistice Day, more than a year ago. With the much debated and much contested document thrust back upon him, the next move is up to the President, and today there was no intimation what course he would pursue. In any event, it was not believed there would be any developments till Congress reconvenes on December 1st in regular session.

Winnipeg, Nov. 20th.—One more death from sleeping sickness was reported today, bringing the total number of deaths caused by this malady to 5. Two more cases have been reported to local authorities since yesterday, making this total number of cases reported since it was discovered here to 15.

Ottawa, Nov. 18th.—A large delegation from the Canadian Jewish Congress waited on the Government this afternoon to make representations with regard to the very serious condition of relatives and dependents in Rumania and Poland of Rumanian and Polish Jews now residing in Canada.

Montreal, Nov. 19th.—The Jewish citizens of Montreal are making preparations for a big demonstration on November 24th, which will take the form of a parade throughout the streets of Montreal in order to protest against the anti-Jewish disorder in Ukrainia and secure popular sympathy for the sufferers.

Brussels, Nov. 19th.—The Catholic Party will have 73 seats in the Chamber of Deputies and the Socialists 70 as a result of the elections on Sunday, it was announced officially tonight. The Liberals won 34 seats, Front Party 5, the National Regeneration Party 1, the ex-soldiers Party 2, the Middle Party 2.

Berne, Nov. 19th.—Switzerland admission to the League of Nations was voted by the Swiss National Council today. The vote came after 8 by debate, the

count being 124 in favour of the country joining the League to 45 against.

Washington, Nov. 19th.—The Treaty of Versailles was approved unanimously yesterday by the Peruvian National Assembly, the Peruvian Embassy here was notified.

London, Nov. 19th.—Sir John Simon, ex-Home Secretary in the Asquith Government and defeated in Walthamstow during the last election, has been chosen as Liberal candidate in the Spen Valley bye-election. Mr. Robert Herst, President of the Loan Local Unionist Association, will probably be a candidate and Mr. Tom Myers (Labourite) who opposed Sir Thomas Whittaker, deceased at the last election, is also standing.

Washington, Nov. 19th.—Speaking with the authority of President Wilson's Cabinet, Fuel Administrator Garfield told representatives of the bituminous coal operators and miners here today that "the people of the United States need, must have and will have coal" and as "long as the Govt. stands they will not be prevented from getting it by anything the operators or miners may do". Mr. Garfield explained that this purpose was to furnish the conference with the data, which he would use in determining what wage advances if any, agreed to by the operators and miners, could be borne properly by the public.

Ottawa, Nov. 19th.—The Hon. C. C. Ballantyne, intimated in an interview given today that the Govt. would undertake in the very near future to formulate a naval policy for Canada and might be prepared to submit proposals to Parliament at its next meeting. He vouchsafed the information in the course of a statement in which he announced that Admiral Jellicoe would arrive in Ottawa on Nov. 27th in the course of his tour of the Empire pointed out that the Admiral would not recommend a permanent policy for the Dominion, but would give the Govt. in an advisory capacity the benefit of his experience and knowledge of naval defence.

Paris, Nov. 20th.—M. Clemenceau, replying to the congratulations of Senator Monison on the results of Sunday's elections, said the returns showed that France understood that she must proceed according to law and order in the reconstruction of the country. France would be stronger than ever, he declared, because more united. M. Georges Mandel, who was elected to the Chamber of Deputies in the Bordeaux constituency, today tendered his resignation, as Premier Clemenceau's chief confidential secretary.

New York, Nov. 20th.—Rates of Foreign Exchange again dropped to new levels in the local market today. The pound sterling brought only \$3.99½. Franc cheques quoted at 9.79 for the dollar, five centimes below yesterday's prices, while lire cheques sold at 12.37, a drop of 13 centimes.